

Example: Neque enim dubitābam, quālecumque esset quod fatērentur, pertināciam certē et īnflexibilem obstinātiōnem dēbere pūnīrī.

VOWELS IN LATIN

		<i>Tongue position</i>		
		Front	Central	Back
<i>Jaw position</i>	Hi	ī		ū
	Mid	ĩ		ũ
	Low		ă	ǎ

When a preposition is added to an existing verb the first vowel in that verb will often weaken (i.e. move upward on the chart represented here). Compare the following examples by looking up the following on the pages indicated in your text book and determining what letter belongs in the blank space:

page 199: dē + dō = dēdō, ddēd__re, dēd__dī, dēd__tus

page 160: ē/ex + rapiō = ēr_piō, ēr__pere, ēr__puī, ēr__ptus

page 169: cum (becomes con-) + cadō = conc_dō, conc_dere, conc_dī, ----

Now try to do one on your own and decide which letters should be included in the blanks:

cum + faciō = conf__ciō, conf__ere, conf__ctus

Pliny to Tacitus on the eruption of Vesuvius and Pliny the Elder; 68c 35 – 38

Sub diō rūrsus quamquam levium exēsōrumque pūmicum cāsus metuēbatur, quod tamen,

perīculōrum collātiō ēlēgit; et apud illum quidem ratiō ratiōnem, apud aliōs timōrem timor vīcit.

Cervīcālia capitibus imposita linteīs cōnstringunt; id mūnīmentum adversus incidentia fuit.